

In each instance, the magistrates were turned for trial.

of Maurice Fitzgerald was taken up, and, who is a youth, was proved to be the person of the name of Maurice M. on the list.

an gave evidence of objecting on the ground that he was a little boy and also because a voter.

J. Fitzgerald, who claimed the vote, stood in another division altogether, but acted as a creamery manager.

vidence having been given, the majority of the Bench refused information.

agan said he dissented, and he was overruled on account of the youth of the other defendants were returned for Quarter Sessions at Rathkeale on the 10th per.

ring of the cases lasted until 6.40 p.m.

COMBS OF NEWSPAPERS

The British Museum Act of 1902 empowered the trustees of the great national repository to erect new buildings at Hendon "any papers printed matter which appear to be of interest for public use." "But," it went on, "the trustees shall make arrangements to the effect that any printed matter so removed shall be available to the public at the present museum on due notice being given."

taken some considerable time, but the new building at Hendon was at last completed, and before long the accumulation of years of British journalism will be housed in the catacombs at Bloomsbury to abide in its proper place. And what do these catacombs represent? How much enterprise and worry! How much capital in gold and silver, how much more in brains and bodies crushed and forgotten as the wheels of time roll on! How many bound volumes are "rarely required," and how many other may be occasionally asked for, but that happens it will be forthcoming with alacrity, and reports duly recorded. The cause was served the day they were published, the next, excepting in this vast national store, they were most likely mere torn scraps.

The leader that had aroused the continent, that was the result of years of combined with the efforts of the member of the staff to set a kitchen fire. Love tales of daily life, stories of happiness and despair, joined to aid the conflagration of the earth were brought together, men and women, life and health in strange lands—a vast organisation—while science and art lent their aid to gratify the news of a vaster public.

among the catacombs, in the files of a bound volume, may be found a letter penned by a student. It was the last and best he ever wrote. As he saw the despatch being borne away by the messenger to where it would be safely forwarded, he was reminded of Arnault's poem about a leaf, withered and forgotten, swept down thither, helpless in the breeze. It had done its work, and was going "where all things go." Sickness was upon him. He was in danger of other dangers. The end came soon and was wrapped in mystery; but the public had heard of it. The case is perhaps not rare. A few ever kept the lines he penned even in the most adverse circumstances under which they were written. Next day, doubtless, it was a new wonder to obliterate the memory of a man that had gone before. But the British does not forget. For those who "rarely

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THE LATE MR. STANDISH O'GRADY.

As briefly stated in our Tuesday's issue the death of Mr. Standish O'Grady, Clerk of the Crown and Peace for the City of Cork and East Riding of the County of Cork, took place on Tuesday morning at his seaside residence in Youghal. He had been ill for some time, but his illness was not considered severe, and gave rise to no serious apprehensions on the part of his friends. Mr. O'Grady was a man in the prime of life, being only 54 years of age, and his death, occurring so unexpectedly, caused a painful shock to those to whom his appearance betrayed no symptom that would indicate that dissolution was so near at hand. He was a native of Rathkeale, in the Co. Limerick, where his family were well known and respected. He was admitted a solicitor in the Trinity term of 1872, and he began his professional career in Mitchelstown, where he enjoyed a most extensive practice, amongst his clients being the Countess of Kingston. On the death of Mr. William O'Keeffe, in 1888, he was appointed Clerk of the Crown and Peace for the City and East Riding of Cork. This appointment was made in the March of that year, and in January, 1889, he was appointed Registrar of the Local Court of Bankruptcy when it was established in Cork. His appointment as Registrar of Titles for the County of Cork followed in due course, when the Act relating to this procedure was passed. With a large measure of ability, which was freely and generally recognised, Mr. O'Grady united a charitable disposition, a kindly and courteous manner, and a geniality and amiability that served to make him hosts of friends, whose good wishes and esteem he retained to the last. His death will be sincerely regretted by all with whom he came in contact, but, after his immediate friends and relatives, who will naturally have to bear the full burden of sorrow, it will be most keenly felt by the various legal gentlemen who practised in his Court, and who had constant opportunities of appreciating his unvarying kindness, his high sense of justice, and the great and commanding knowledge of Bankruptcy laws and procedure which he displayed. The ability which was so manifest in this particular branch of his duties was also conspicuous in the other offices which he filled. His death leaves a void in legal and official circles in the South of Ireland which it will be difficult indeed to fill. In this time of great affliction, we are sure the family of the deceased gentleman will have the unfeigned sympathy of all who knew him.

DISTRESS IN SPAIN.

The Archbishop of Seville has opened a subscription in aid of the sufferers from the agricultural crisis at Ecyá. The bakers' shops have been attacked by a crowd of starving peasants. A communication from the Governor of Osuna, published in the newspapers, draws a terrible picture of the prevailing distress, and declares that women and children are dying of hunger by the way side.

IRISH GOLD MINE.

Connolly his substitute.

STOCK TAKING.

A circular letter was received from the Government Board drawing attention to the 42 of the Union Accounts Order, which requires that stock shall be taken and impressed on the Guardians of the Poor, and of making such arrangements in future to secure that the stock-taking for the year shall be completed in proper time.

It was decided to advertise for a tender to take stock to 30th September.

MEDICAL OFFICER'S RESIDENCE.

The Local Government Board were asked for plans, specifications, and estimates for the sanitary annex to the fever hospital, with the resident medical officer's residence, stating that they saw no objection to the plan in question. The Board observed that the estimated cost of the sanitary annex is £468 9s. 6d., and that the medical officer's residence £1,035 1s. 6d. amount included in the consent to the purchase executed by the Board of Guardians in pursuance of section 36 of the 1st Act of 1898, cap. 36 was only £1,430 5s. 6d. Therefore, transmitted a form of consent for the Board's consent to a loan of £1,035 1s. 6d. was also transmitted.

The Clerk said that the Guardians had to sign again the application for the loan. There was a difference only of about £1,035 1s. 6d.

BROADFORD DISTRICT.

Election of Midwife.

At Limerick Board of Guardians a fresh election took place for the appointment of a midwife for Broadford Dispensary. A salary of £30 a year. That day election resulted in a tie between Miss Ryan, Limerick, and Miss I. Barbane, Broadford, 34 Guardians each candidate. Applications were received to-day from these two ladies. The Clerk announced had sent their certificates and diplomas, which were very satisfactory.

Mr. Hassett (Ahane), proposed that Miss Ryan should be elected, and was seconded by Mr. P. M. J. Quay.

Mr. Nunan proposed Miss Barbane should be elected, and was seconded by Mr. O'Regan.

Mr. Nash, solicitor, who appeared for Miss Barbane, objected at the outset to the Guardians on the ground that she was not properly elected, not having been elected at the elections.

The Clerk said that was not necessary to oppose a Guardian who was re-elected whether he be nominated or not. Mr. Nash could give him the objection.

A poll was then taken, when the result was as follows:—For Mrs. Ryan—John Quilligan, Ald. Donnellan, James Hassett, Pat. Kirby, M. Cuddihy, Miss J. Prendergast, T. B. Gough, P. M. J. Quay, Ald. M'Donnell, J. Kelly, John Moloney (Cappanuke), Pat. (Rossbrien), James Nolan, P. J. Lane, P. Hassett, J. Ryan, Michael Laffan, John Ryan, M. Hyland, J. Hayes, J. O'Callaghan (Newtown), Lady Emily, D. J. O'Brien, Miss Barrington, John B. Maurice Gleeson, J. B. Barrington, Humphreys, Michael Hayes (Garr F. McDonagh, J. Clancy, P. Lynch (Ballyanrahan), C. McNam